

By-product valorization in the pig industry



Cécile CRESPELEnvironmental division
Cooperl France

Cooperl: Control throughout the chain





Cooperl: Key figures 2015















Group turnover

€2
BILLION

Feed tonnage

1 461 000 TONNAGE

Pigs slaughtered

5 500 000 PIGS PRODUCED

Sustainable Circular Bioeconomy



How Cooperl manage to combine pork breeding environmental footprint reduction with added value creation for farmers

By-product, energy and water valorization



There is « no waste » but by-products valorization for internal and external use.









- Manure
- Meat byproduct
- Waste water
- Fatty waste
- **Bad smell**





- **Fertilizers**
- Pure water



Pig breeding



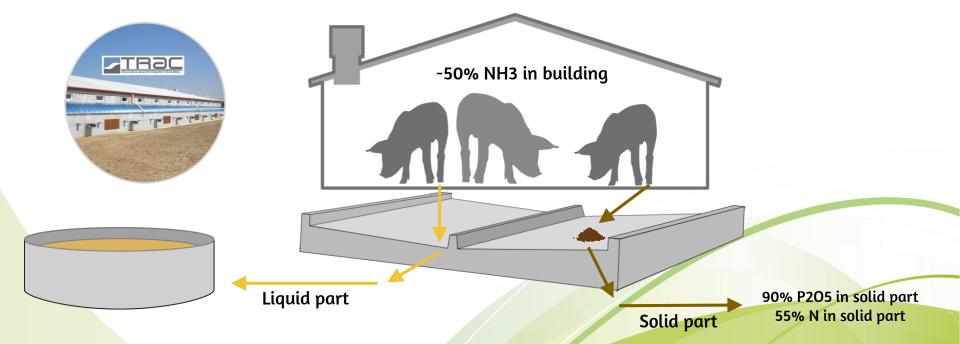
> Cooperl can control the pig breeding by-products quality.



TRAC system



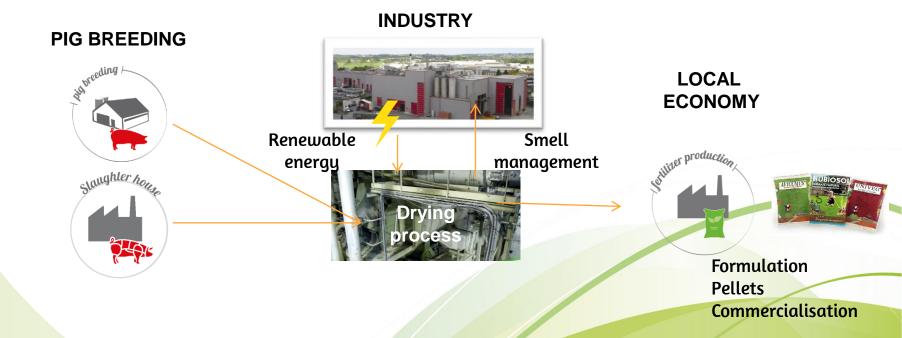
> Cooperl develop **technologies** to improve the value of the manure transfered to the industry.



Organic fertilizer production



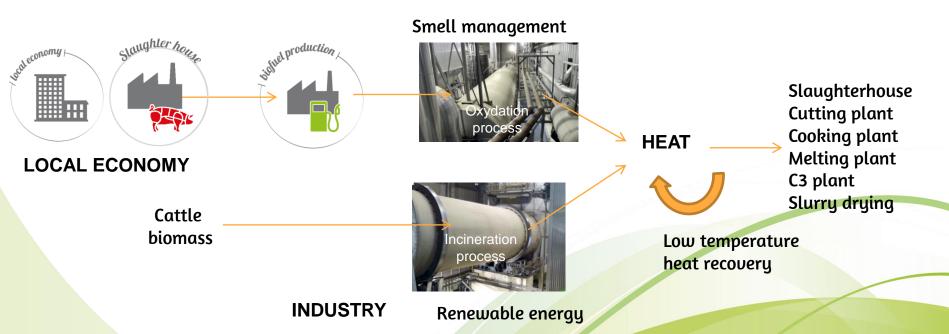
> Cooperl sell high value organic fertilizer, using farming and food industry by-product.



Renewable energy production



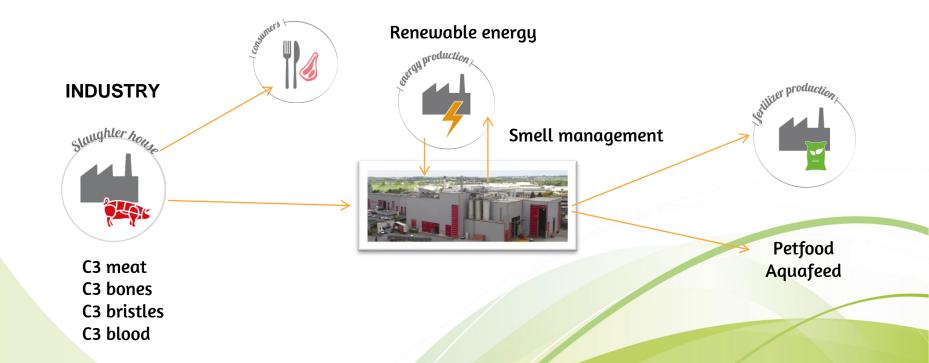
> Cooperl produces 80% of its industrial heat need from biomass and recycled waste.



Pig meat by-product



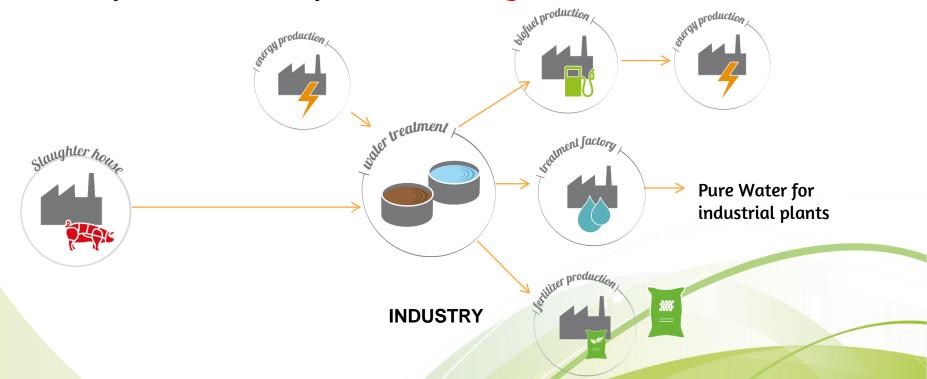
> Cooperl managed its own C3 by-product factory.



Water recycling



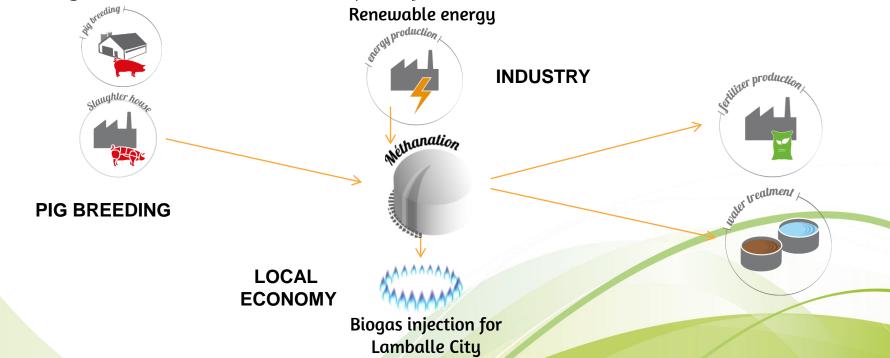
> Cooperl industrial plants use recycled water.



Next steps



A biogas production project increase Cooperl and Lamballe city low environmental footprint.



To conclude



- >> All pig industry by-products is valorized as products or as energy.
- >> Breeding technologies improve the by-products quality.
- Cooperl can created added-value thanks to its centralized position and industrial management.
 - Control the cost
 Adapted for Britanny because hight density of breeding plant
- To be sustainable, the system has to be build with the local shareholders in order to share services and energy.



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Thank you for your attention!

