



Food Futures

DRIVING SUSTAINABILITY

Measuring, Reporting, and Verifying Farm Sustainability

A Northern Ireland Case Study

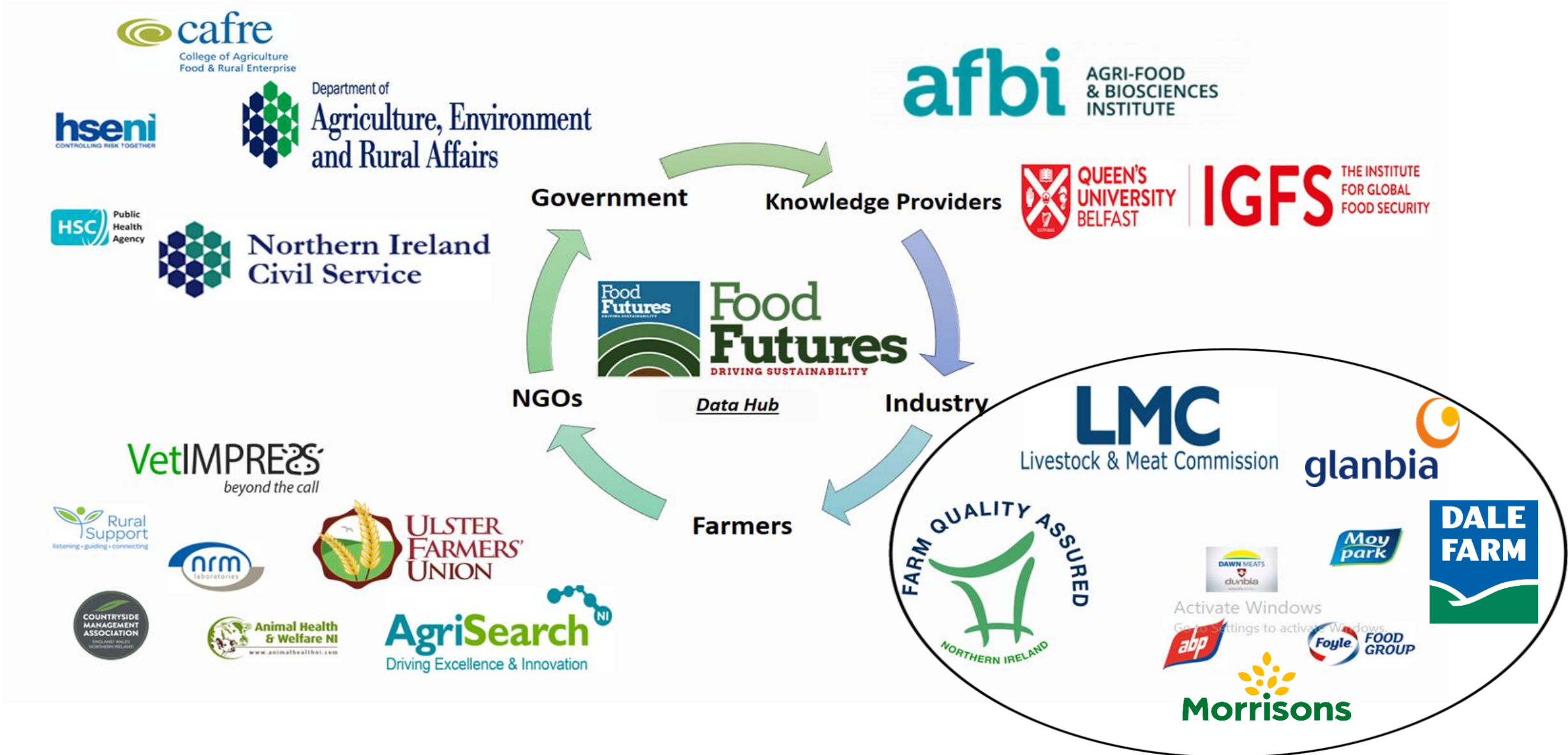


Food Futures

- A **Data-driven (SMART)** tool measuring, reporting and verifying whole-**farm sustainability**.
- This 'nature positive' SMART tool increases NI farm productivity, resource-use efficiency and protects farm-family wellbeing.
 - Scientifically robust;
 - Adapts to and satisfies emerging policy;
 - Enables industry 'buy-in'.



Food Futures Partners



30 Ambassador farms



Location of Food Futures ambassador farms in Northern Ireland

Indicators and Metrics



8 environmental metrics

6 economic and efficiency metrics

9 Farm family well-being metrics

- ✓ Soil health
- ✓ Carbon footprint
- ✓ Biodiversity
- ✓ Profitability
- ✓ Resilience & viability
- ✓ Livestock welfare
- ✓ Professional development
- ✓ Farm health & safety
- ✓ Labour & working conditions

Scientific Merit

- Based on >150 peer reviewed papers
- Over 20 metrics developed to indicate environmental, social and economic sustainability performance
- 300 indicators/sub indicators
- Wide consultation with scientific community
- Two-way digital dashboard developed and operational
- Minimum Viable Product successfully developed



Climate change: New law in Northern Ireland aims for net zero by 2050

By Jayne McCormack
BBC News NI political correspondent

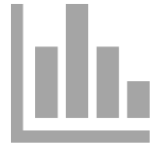
Metric Matrix (profile of environmental metrics)

Dimension (Pillar)	Metric	Indicator(s)	Criteria/Performance (Sustainability %/Points etc.)				DATA Variable Point(s)	Rationale(s)	Merit (Research/Legislation)	
Environmental Integrity	Soil Biota: chemical health and nutrient availability	Do you carryout soil sampling analysis on your farm?		No 0	Yes 2			ES1 & ES2 (respectively)	<p>i. Soil acidity as an indicator of chemical soil quality, and nutrient and trace element availability.</p> <p>ii. Ecological & environmental impact of nutrient (N, P & K) run-off.</p> <p>iii. Nutrient inefficiencies – excessive or insufficient (minimal effects/crop penalty).</p> <p>iv. Aggregate stability, improving water infiltration and soil aeration, reducing runoff. Resistance to changes in pH and accelerate decomposition of soil minerals.</p>	<p>Research (academic papers):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cassidy et al., (2019). - Jarvie et al., (2013). - Sharpley et al., (2013). - Loveland & Webb (2003). - Dexter AR (2004). - Shah et al. (2017). - Senesi and Loffredo (2018). - Clapp et al. (2005). - Takahashi et al. (2018) - Chavez et al. (2014) - Troeh & Thompson (2005) - Pietri & Brookes (2008) - Bünemann et al. (2006) - Heckrath et al. (2007) - Jarvie et al. (2006). - Barrios (2007). - Des Jardins (2007). - Stockdale et al. (2018). - Bünemann et al. 2018
		Soil sampling frequency?	β_{min} 1	β_{med} 2	β_{max} 4					
		Method/technology used?	All farm soils are analysed \geq 5 year intervals or in response to need.	All farm soils are analysed every 3 – 4 years.	All farm soils are analysed \leq 2 year intervals.					
			... Using GPS soil sampling 4	... Using GPS soil sampling 4	... Using GPS soil sampling 4					
	Soil Biota: chemical health and nutrient availability	Mineral Soils						Not available yet	<p>v. Deterioration in soil physical properties and impairment of soil nutrient cycling mechanisms.</p> <p>vi. Soil compaction results in total porosity: reduces pore spaces, checks the transfusion and transportation of air and water within soil profile and also water retention characteristic.</p>	<p>Legislation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - EU Nitrates Directive. - Northern Ireland Nutrient Action Programme Regulation
		Optimum pH	β_{min}	β_{med}	β_{max}	β_{med}	β_{min}			
			$\beta \leq 5.4$	$5.5 \leq \beta \leq 5.9$	$6.0 \leq \beta \leq 7.0$	$7.1 \leq \beta \leq 7.5$	$\beta \geq 7.6$			
		$\beta \leq 5.4$	β_{min} 0					ES3		
	$\beta = X\%$									

Current Functionality



Data collection: primary & secondary



Data is automatically analysed by the system



Farm advice is automatically generated

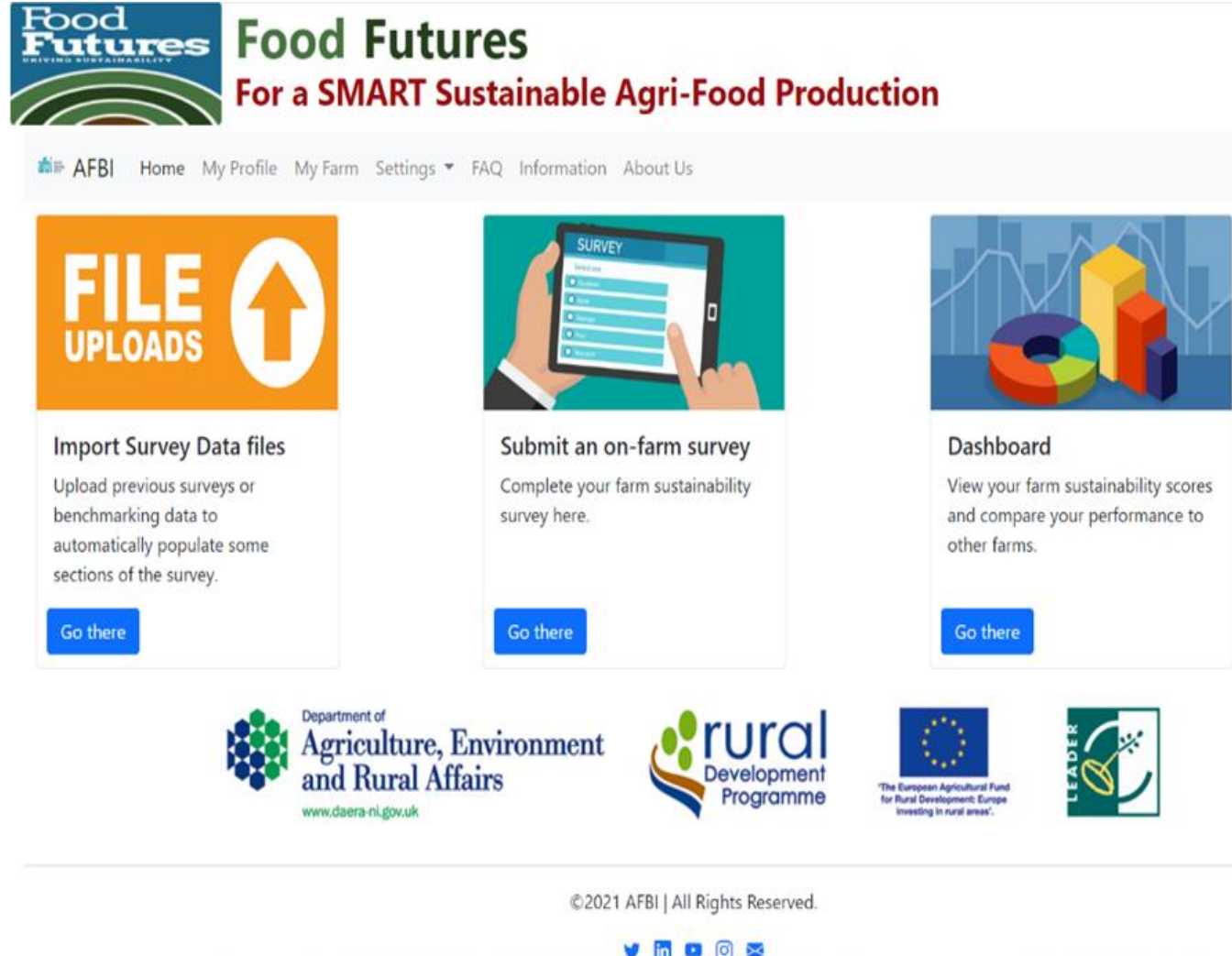


Human checking and issue of report is required



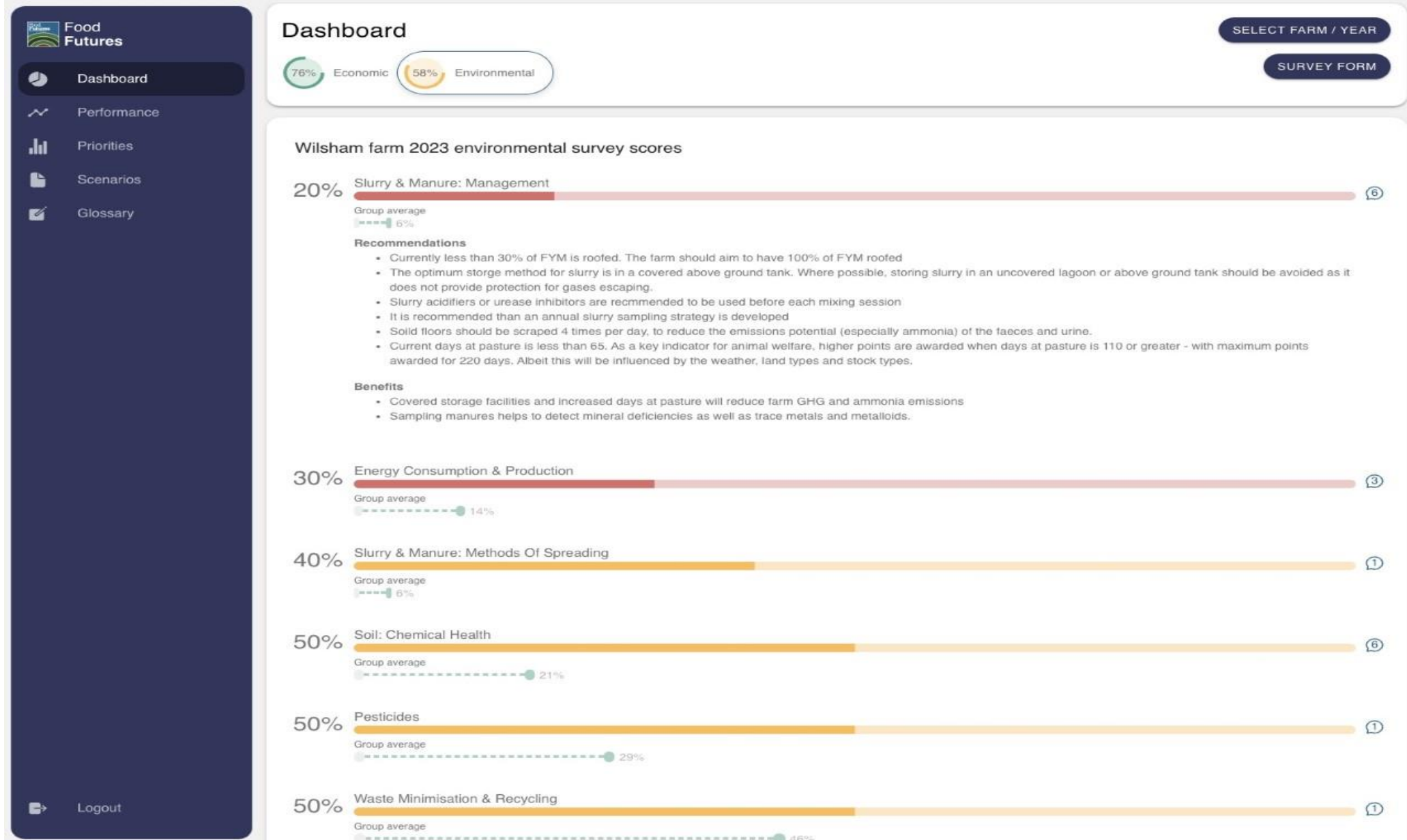
How Does it Work?

- A digital platform measuring, reporting and verifying the sustainable production of Northern Ireland agri-food:
 - Composed of >20 holistic metrics (carbon, biodiversity, profit, health & safety etc.);
 - Data integration and automation;
 - Digital technologies (LCA, GPS etc.);
 - Measures and reports whole-farm sustainability-wide performance to farmers.

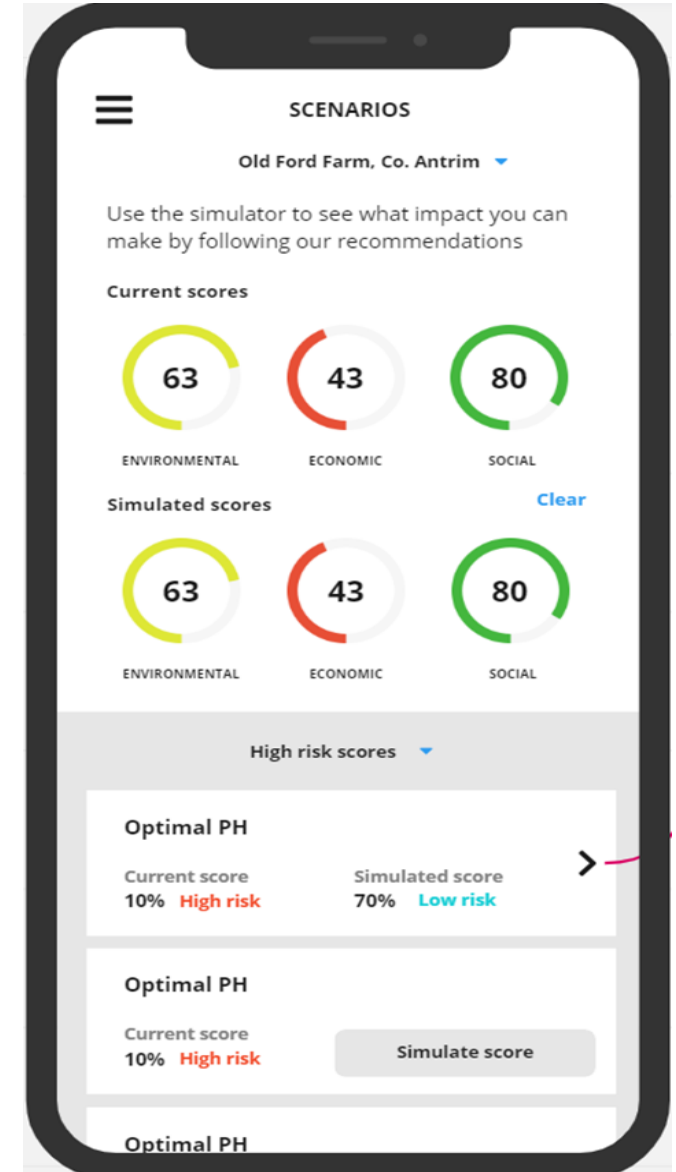
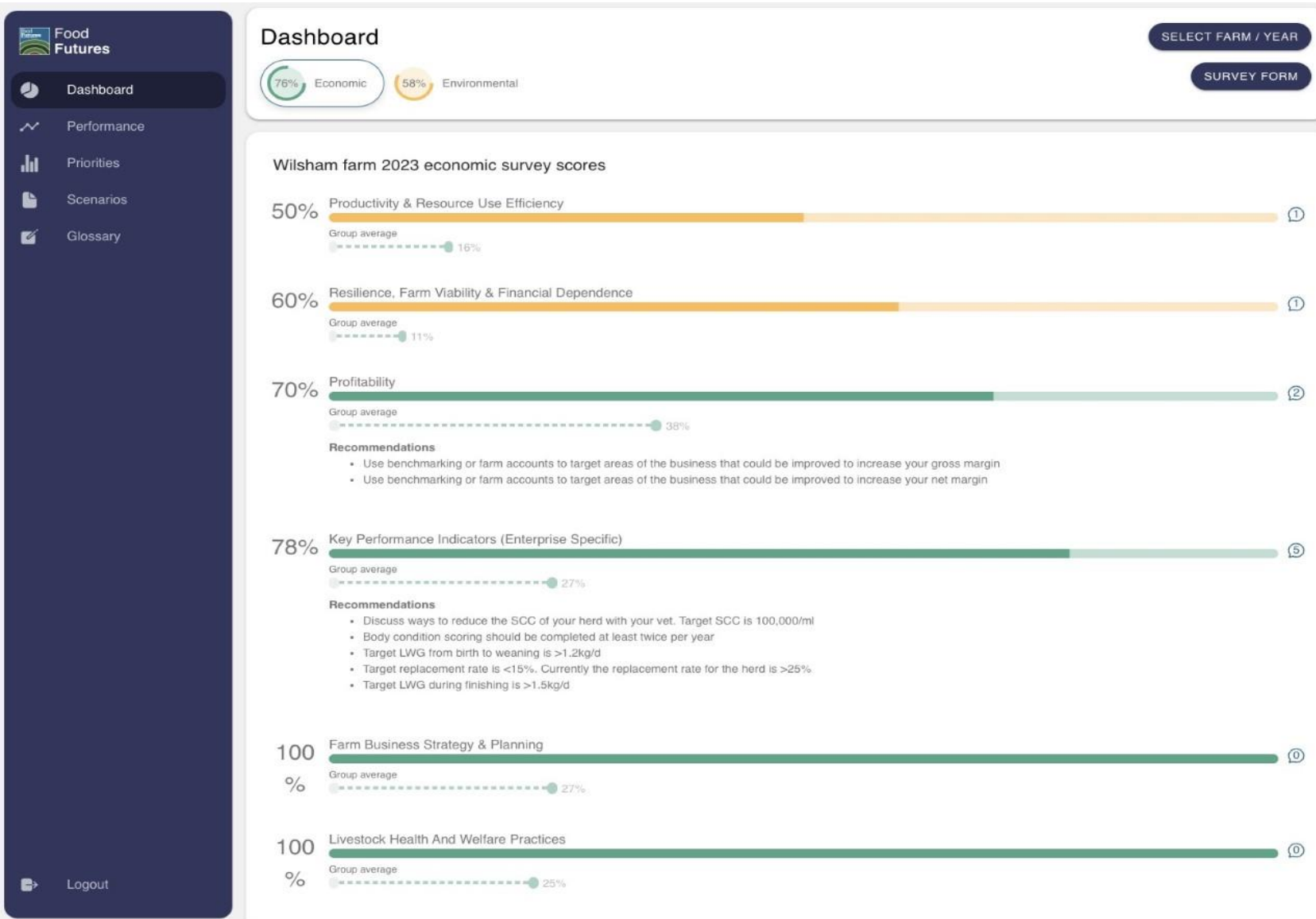


The screenshot shows the Food Futures website interface. At the top left is the 'Food Futures' logo with the tagline 'MOVING SUSTAINABLY'. To its right is the text 'Food Futures For a SMART Sustainable Agri-Food Production'. Below this is a navigation menu with links: AFBI, Home, My Profile, My Farm, Settings, FAQ, Information, and About Us. The main content area features three large cards: 1. 'FILE UPLOADS' with an orange background and an upward arrow icon, with the text 'Import Survey Data files' and 'Upload previous surveys or benchmarking data to automatically populate some sections of the survey.' 2. 'Submit an on-farm survey' with a teal background and an icon of a hand holding a tablet displaying a survey, with the text 'Complete your farm sustainability survey here.' 3. 'Dashboard' with a blue background and an icon of a 3D bar chart, with the text 'View your farm sustainability scores and compare your performance to other farms.' Each card has a blue 'Go there' button. At the bottom, there are logos for the Department of Agriculture, Environment and Rural Affairs (DAERA), the Rural Development Programme, the European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD), and the LEADER program. The footer contains the copyright notice '©2021 AFBI | All Rights Reserved.' and social media icons for Twitter, LinkedIn, YouTube, Instagram, and Facebook.

In Development



In Development



Food Futures Progress

- Phase 1:
 - 2018-2023 R&D. Funded through Invest NI, delivered by AFQCC;
 - The SMART Tool measured the sustainability performance of 30 partner farms across NI;
 - Receiving two-way knowledge-exchange outputs (graphics);
 - Tailored recommendations for improvement;
- Phase 2:
 - Food Futures LMC Pilot Study;
 - Measured the sustainability performance of 162 LMC FQA farms across NI;
 - 06/06/22 - 01/09/22;
 - Proof of concept automated process successfully developed



Phase 1 Results (descriptive)

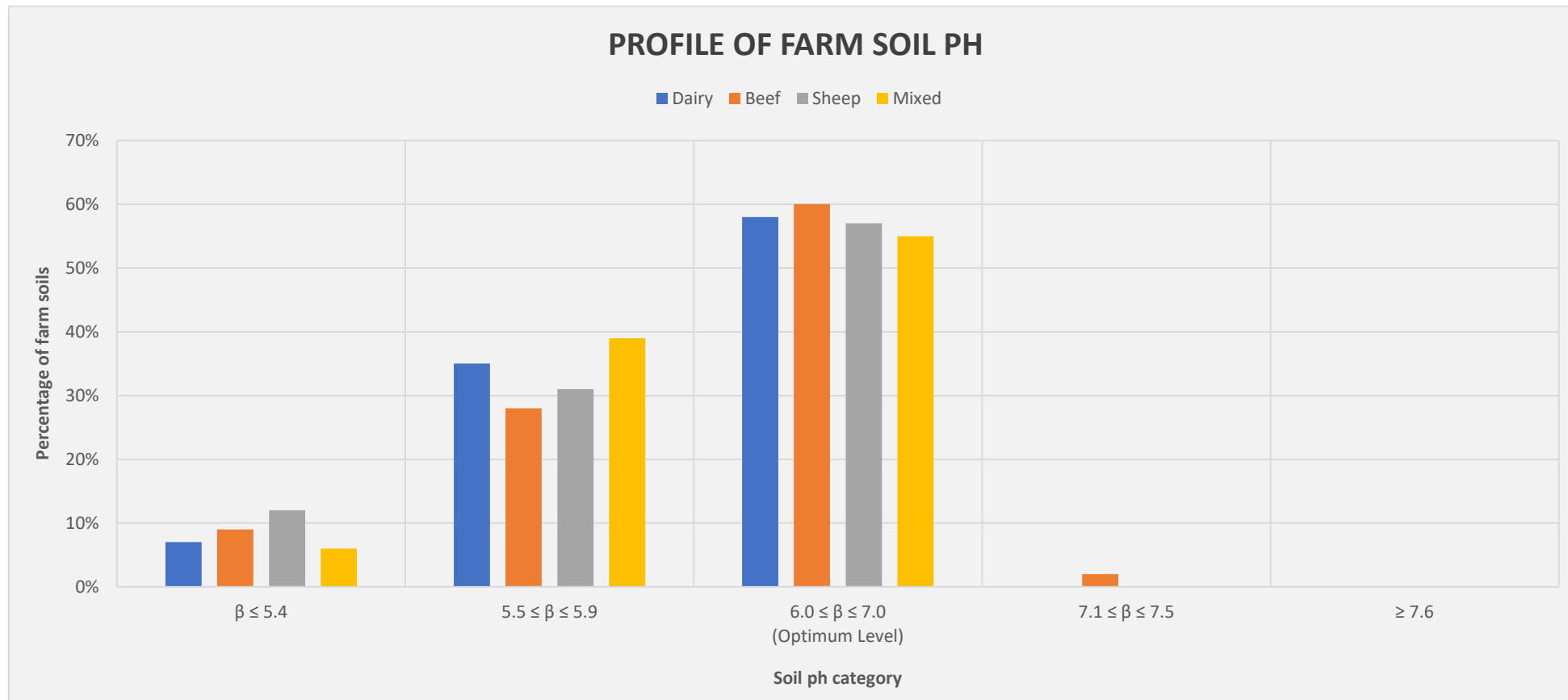
Variable	Mixed	Beef	Dairy
Farm Type	6	11	12
Farm Size(ha)	90	87	78
Renewables	4	2	3
Energy Productivity (Kwh)	15kg (lamb)	15kg	38(l)
Profitable without subsidy (%)	33%	45%	84%
No. of days off in the year	10	13	10
Willing to monitor GHG & NH3 footprint	100%	100%	100%
Willing to farm to reduce GHG & NH3 footprint	100%	100%	100%

Phase 1 Metric Results

Metric: Soil health

Indicator: Soil pH

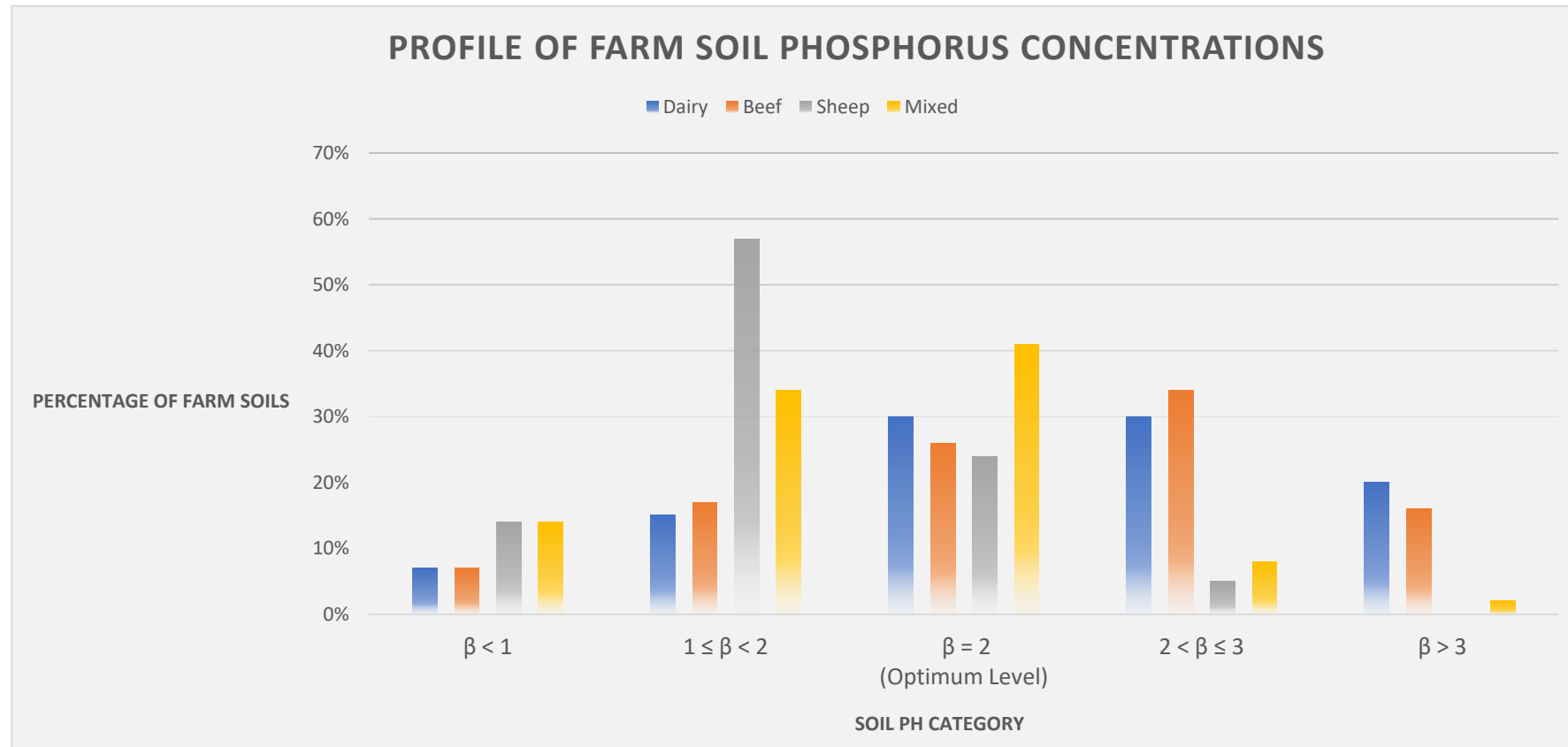
Figure 1: Percentage of farm soils (mineral) within respective pH levels (categories)



Phase 1 Metric Results

Metric: Soil health

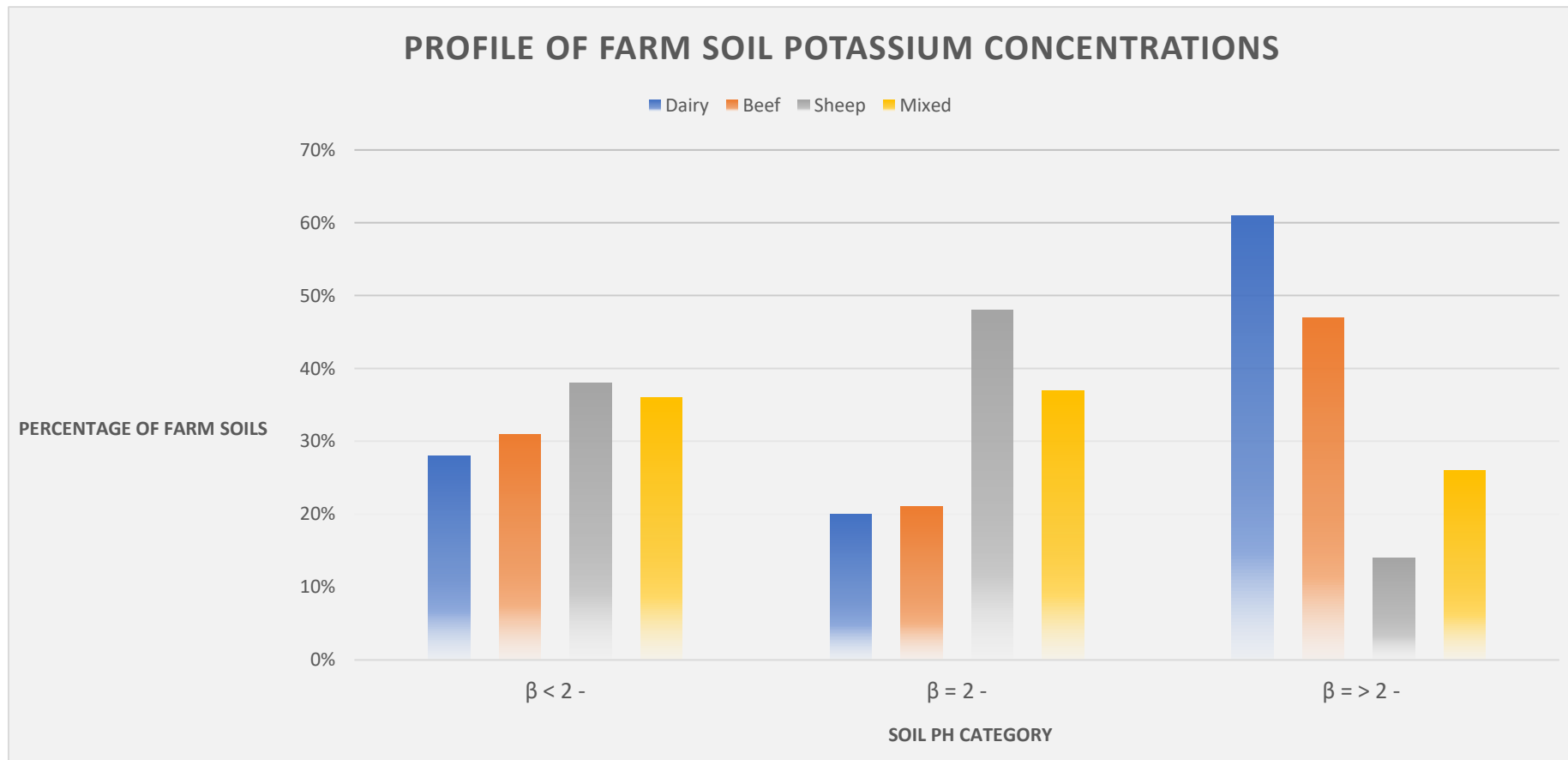
Indicator: Phosphorus concentration



Phase 1 Metric Results

Metric: Soil health

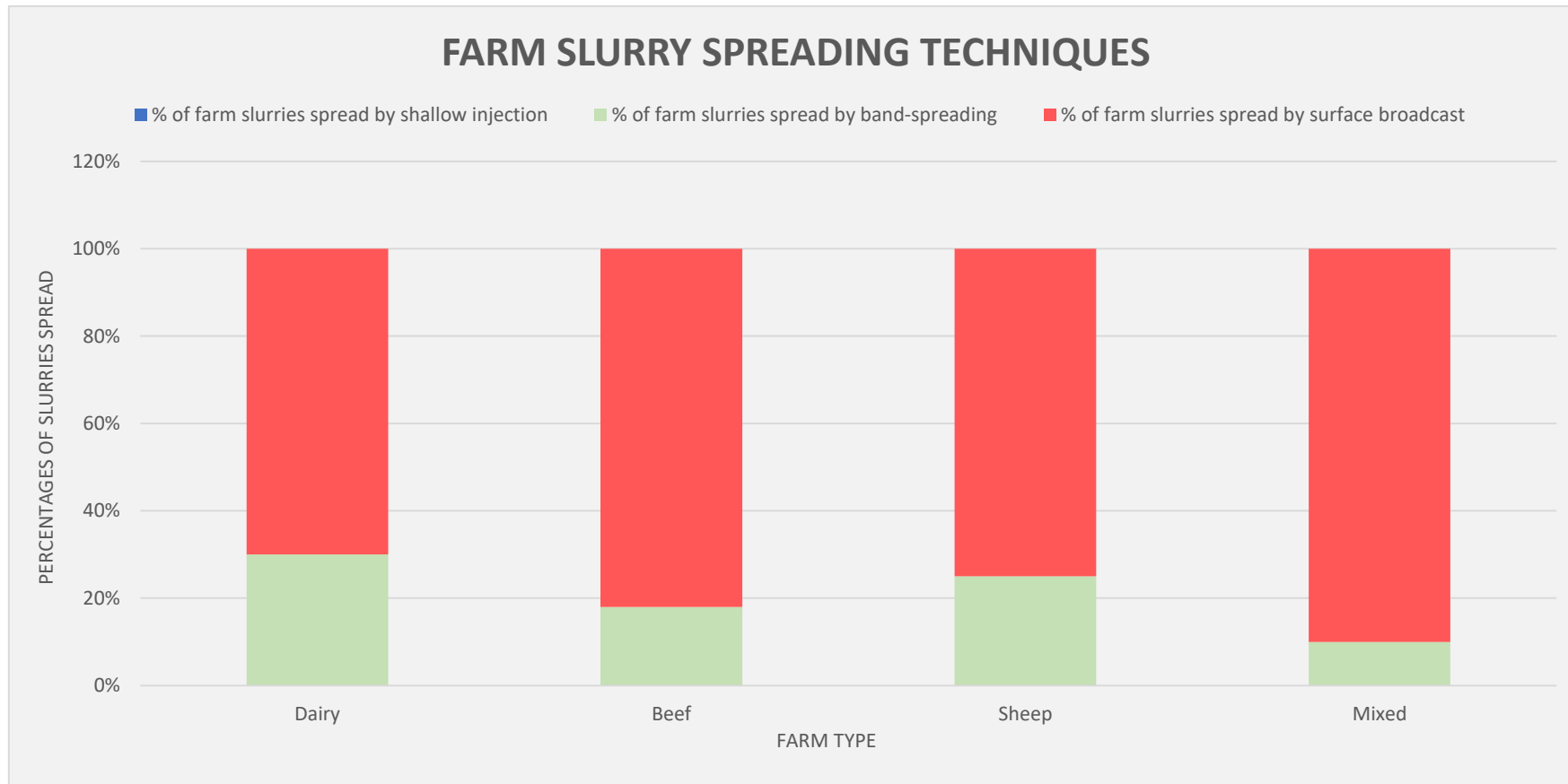
Indicator: Potassium concentration



Phase 1 Metric Results

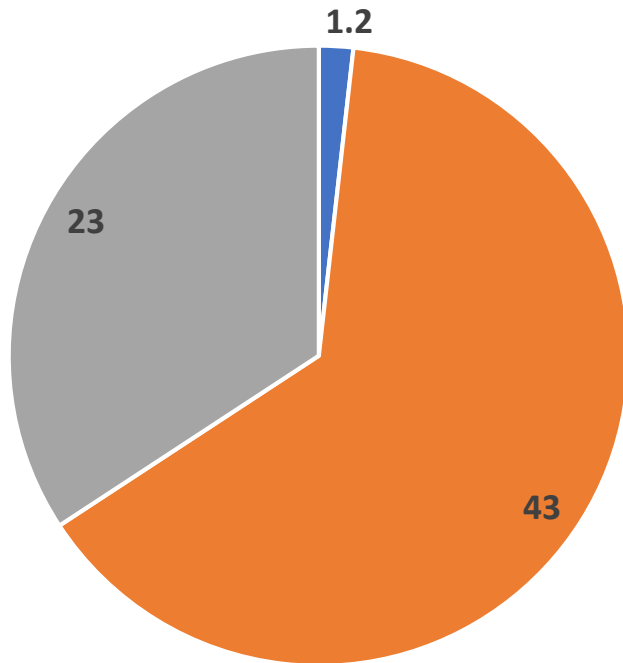
Metric: Slurry & manures: methods of spreading

Indicator: Shallow Injection, Bandspreading and Broadcast



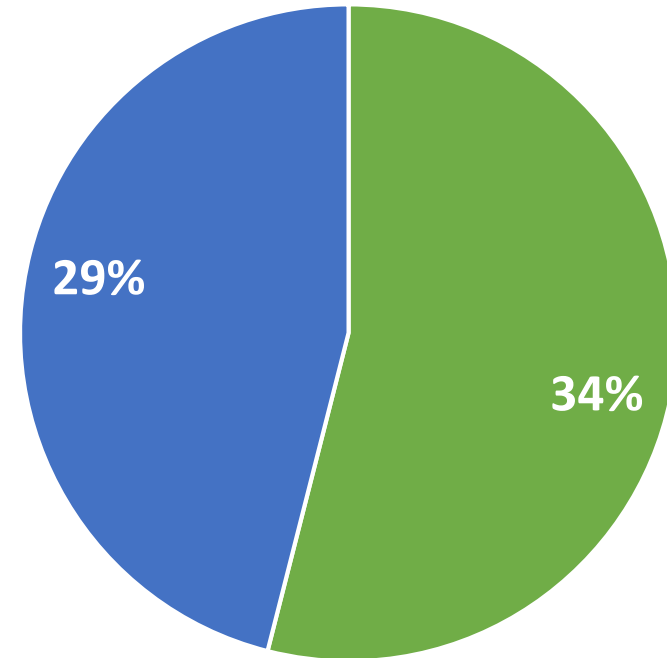
Phase 1 Results: Sustainability Performance

Carbon Footprint (emissions intensity)



■ Dairy: kg Co2e | litre milk ■ Beef: kg Co2e | kg beef ■ Mixed: kg Co2e | kg meat

Sustainability Performance (N=30)



■ Environmental Metrics ■ Economic Metrics

Farm	Environmental	Economic
Dairy	34	28
Beef	33	25
Mixed	36	38

In Summary

- Scientifically informed; serving industry; satisfying policy;
- Provision and automation of data;
- Defend and improve agri-food production;
- Deliver farm profits through environmental regeneration and the protection of farm-family well-being.





Thank You